

# POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS SHOULDER ARTHROSCOPY

Anterior Labral Repair Dr. Adam O'Brien

## **MEDICATION**

- You will be prescribed a narcotic pain medication with or without additional Tylenol, take as instructed and only as needed. Do not take additional Tylenol unless prescribed.
  - o **Pain medication may cause constipation.** You may take an over the counter stool softener (docusate, senna, Miralax, etc) to help prevent this problem.
  - O You should take these medicines with food or they may nauseate you.
  - O You may not drive or operate heavy equipment while on narcotics.
  - Pain medication is refilled on an individual basis and only during office hours.
- If you have a nerve block, begin taking the pills as you feel your sensation returning to prevent a sudden onset of extreme pain (typically 6-12 hours after your surgery). **Do not wait until the block completely wears off.**
- If you have a **repair**, do not take medications such as Advil, ibuprofen, Aleve, naproxen until 6 weeks after surgery
- Resume all other home medications unless otherwise instructed.

## **WOUND CARE and DRESSINGS**

- You may remove your bandages two days after surgery unless instructed otherwise. Do not remove the steri-strips (small pieces of tape) covering the incisions.
- Do not get your dressings wet. When showering (after dressings removed), let water run over the incisions and pat dry (no scrubbing).
- You may take off your sling to shower, but keep your arm at your side.
- Incisions may not get wet until after your first postoperative visit. No submersion of wounds (bath, hot tub, pool) until a minimum of 3 weeks after surgery.
- You make notice small spotting through your dressings, this is normal. You may place an additional bandage of this area. If it becomes saturated, it is ok to change the dressings entirely and replace them

## **BRUISING**

- The arm/shoulder may become swollen and bruised, which is normal and is from the fluid and blood in the shoulder moving down the arm. It should resolve in 14-21 days.
- The elbow, forearm and inner arm may also become swollen and bruised, which is normal
- If you experience severe pain or swelling, call immediately (see contact info).



#### COLD THERAPY

- Ice should be used for comfort and swelling. Use it at least 20 minutes at a time, every hour while awake if needed. (A simple bag of peas works well as an inexpensive alternative)
- Never apply directly to exposed skin. Place a dish-towel or t-shirt between your skin and the ice.

#### **SLING**

- Unless otherwise specified, the sling should be worn at all times (including sleeping) other than for showering, dressing changes and exercises.
- Do not attempt to move your arm in an abducted and externally rotated position (like throwing a baseball)
- You may move your fingers, hand, wrist and elbow as tolerated. The arm should be taken out of the sling 3-4 times a day to bend and straighten the elbow
- For sleep, you may want to sleep in a reclined chair or elbow propped on pillows (to prevent it from sagging)

## WEIGHT BEARING and EXERCISES

- Non-weight bearing (carrying, lifting or supporting body) for first 6 weeks
- Your first physical therapy session should occur within 1-2 weeks after surgery
  - o It is a good idea to schedule this before surgery to avoid wait lists
  - Physical therapy is crucial to recovery, and much of the work is homework!

#### **EMERGENCIES**

- Please call if you notice any of the following (see contact info below):
  - Uncontrolled nausea or vomiting, suspected reaction to medication, inability to urinate, fever greater than 101.5 (low grade fevers 1-2 days after surgery are normal), severe pain not relieved by pain medication, redness or continued drainage around incisions (a small amount is normal), calf pain or severe swelling.
- If you are having chest pain or difficulty breathing, call 911 or go to the closest emergency room.

## FOLLOW UP APPOINTMENT

• Please make your first post-op visit 10-14 days after surgery if not already scheduled.

#### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

- For surgery or prescription related questions or concerns, please contact:
  - o **Monday-Friday** (8AM-5PM) Ortho Triage Nurse at 512-509-2525 (option 1).
  - o **After Hours** (M-F 5PM-8AM/weekends/holidays) Patient Advisory Nurse at 1-800-724-7037.
- For any scheduling or appointment questions or concerns please call 512-654-6588 (M-F, 8AM-5PM).



The intent of this rehabilitation protocol is to provide the patient and therapist with general guidelines post-operatively. It is meant to be adaptable based on individual patient progress and clinical decision making. The goal of rehabilitation is to allow the repair time to heal, while maintaining functional shoulder range of motion. Progression through each phase is based on patient's performance, pain, timing related to rotator cuff healing, and clinical discretion.

Weight	Sling	Therapeutic	Precautions
<del> </del>			and Goals
Non-	On at all	Neck ROM,	No active
weight	times other	elbow/wrist ROM,	ROM, no lifting
bearing	than	normalize scapular	or supporting
	hygiene,	position/mobility.	body.
	elbow ROM		
		OK for gentle	Avoid
		PROM/AAROM of	abducted and
		shoulder:	externally
		- FE to tolerance	rotated
		- abduction in	position
		plane of scapula to	
		tolerance	
		- IR to 45 deg at	
		30 deg abduction	
		- ER in plane of	
		scapula 0-30 dg	
		' '	
		,	
Coffee-cup	On at all	Continue Phase I	No AROM,
weight	times other		avoid abducted
bearing	than	Advance PROM:	and externally
	hygiene,	- FE, abduction to	rotated
	elbow ROM.	tolerance	position
	Begin to		
	wean at		
	Bearing  Non- weight bearing  Coffee-cup weight	Non- weight bearing  Coffee-cup weight bearing  Coffee-cup weight bearing  Non- times other than hygiene, elbow ROM  Coffee-cup weight bearing  Non- times other than hygiene, elbow ROM.  Begin to	Non- weight times other than hygiene, elbow ROM  OK for gentle PROM/AAROM of shoulder: - FE to tolerance - abduction in plane of scapula to tolerance - IR to 45 deg at 30 deg abduction - ER in plane of scapula 0-30 dg (begin at 30-40 deg abduction)  Coffee-cup weight times other bearing than hygiene, elbow ROM.  Coffee abgin to  Continue Phase I  Continue Phase I  Advance PROM: - FE, abduction to tolerance - IR to 45 deg at 30 deg abduction



		weeks 4-5	30-40 deg abduction)	
Phase III 6-10 Weeks	Coffee cup weight bearing (<2 lbs) starting at 8 weeks	Out of sling by 6 weeks	Progress to full PROM as tolerated  Begin AROM as tolerated (with good mechanics!)  Begin rhythmic stabilization drills.  Gain muscular endurance with reps, low resistance  Initiate ER/IR strengthening using tubing/bands at 0 deg abduction, sidelying ER with towel roll.  Initiate prone rowing at 30, 45, 90 deg abduction to neutral arm position	Focus on mechanics and form!  No heavy lifting or plyometrics.
Phase IV 10-14 Weeks	Partial weight bearing (<10lbs)	None	Advance to full passive and active ROM.  Progress strengthening with full motion.	No contact sports, avoid aggressive overhead lifting.



				increase strength until near full ROM
Phase V 14-20 Weeks	FWB	None	Continue as above, advance to full work activities and recreational activites.  OK for push-up progression (wall→full keeping elbows straighter than 90 deg), light dumbbell press, ball tosses  Initiate functional activities and progress to fundamental shoulder exercises.	Avoid triceps dips, wide-grip bench press, no military press or lat pull downs.  No throwing or overhead athletic movements until 4 months postop, unless cleared by MD