

# POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS Medial Patellofemoral Ligament Reconstruction

Dr. Adam O'Brien

#### **MEDICATION**

- You will be prescribed a narcotic pain medication with or without additional Tylenol, take as instructed and only as needed. Do not take additional Tylenol unless prescribed.
  - O Pain medication may cause constipation. You may take an over the counter stool softener (docusate, senna, Miralax, etc) to help prevent this problem.
  - O You should take these medicines with food or they may nauseate you.
  - o You may not drive or operate heavy equipment while on narcotics.
  - Pain medication is refilled on an individual basis and only during office hours.
- If you have a nerve block, begin taking the pills as you feel your sensation returning to prevent a sudden onset of extreme pain (typically 6-12 hours after your surgery). **Do not wait until the block completely wears off.**
- DO NOT take any medication with ibuprofen, naproxen, or celecoxib for four weeks after surgery (this may impair tissue healing).
- Take one regular aspirin (325 mg) once a day for 14 days unless you have been prescribed Lovenox, are on another blood thinner, or have a history of stomach ulcers.
- If prescribed Lovenox or Xarelto for prevention of blood clots, begin the day AFTER surgery and finish all injections or pills.
- Resume all home medications unless otherwise instructed.

## **WOUND CARE and DRESSINGS**

- Leave your white stocking and bandages on until first clinic visit
- Do not get your dressings wet. Incisions may not get wet until after your first postoperative visit. When showering (after dressings removed), let water run over the incisions and pat dry (no scrubbing). No submersion of wounds (bath, hot tub, pool) until a minimum of 4 weeks after surgery.
- To shower or bath with your dressing still on, wrap the leg in a large plastic garbage bag with tape at both ends. After you remove your dressings, wrap with plastic wrap or use waterproof bandaging. Pat dry if knee gets wet.
- You make notice small spotting through your dressings, this is normal. You may place an additional bandage of this area. If it becomes saturated, it is ok to change the dressings entirely and replace them

## **BRUISING**

- The lower leg may become swollen and bruised, which is normal and is from the fluid and blood in the knee moving down the leg. It should resolve in 10-14 days.
- If you experience severe calf pain/swelling, call immediately (see contact info).



#### COLD THERAPY

- Ice should be used for comfort and swelling. Use it at least 20 minutes at a time, every hour while awake if needed. (A simple bag of peas works well as an inexpensive alternative)
- Never apply directly to exposed skin. Place a dish-towel or t-shirt between your skin and the ice.

#### WEIGHT BEARING and CRUTCHES

- Toe touch weight bearing (aka, touch down weight bearing) with your brace on the involved leg is allowed unless instructed otherwise after surgery to help with balance and stability.
- Crutches will be needed initially for comfort unless instructed otherwise until you can walk with a normal gait (heel to toe walk).

#### **BRACE**

- The post-operative brace must remain on and locked in full extension at all times (other than hygiene and with PT) until first clinic visit
- Straps can be loosened slightly at nighttime to aid in sleeping

#### DRIVING

• No driving until released to full weight bearing as tolerated and off all narcotics.

#### **EXERCISES**

- Following surgery 3 main goals exist:
  - 1. Full knee extension
  - 2. Quadriceps activation and contraction
  - 3. Control of pain and swelling
- To help gain full knee extension, place a small rolled up towel under your ankle and push back of knee to touch the floor by contracting your quadriceps muscle.
- **DO NOT** put pillows under the knee while you sleep.
- Elevate your leg for several days to help with swelling.
- Physical therapy should start 2-4 days after surgery. It is a good idea to arrange this prior to surgery to avoid delays in rehabilitation.

# **EMERGENCIES**

- Please call if you notice any of the following (see contact info below):
  - Uncontrolled nausea or vomiting, suspected reaction to medication, inability to urinate, fever greater than 101.5 (low grade fevers 1-2 days after surgery are normal), severe pain not relieved by pain medication, redness or continued drainage around incisions (a small amount is normal), calf pain or severe swelling.
- If you are having chest pain or difficulty breathing, call 911 or go to the closest emergency room.

## FOLLOW UP APPOINTMENT

• Please make your first post-op visit 7-14 days after surgery if not already scheduled.



# **CONTACT INFORMATION**

- For surgery or prescription related questions or concerns, please contact:
  - **Monday-Friday** (8AM-5PM) Ortho Triage Nurse at 512-509-2525 (option 1).
  - After Hours (M-F 5PM-8AM/weekends/holidays) Patient Advisory Nurse at 1-800-724-7037.
- For any scheduling or appointment questions or concerns please call 512-654-6588 (M-F, 8AM-5PM).



# REHABILITATION PROTOCOL

Rehabilitation after this procedure is aimed at providing time for the graft to heal while focusing on quadriceps return of function. Weight bearing, as well as the intensity and time frame of initiation of functional activities, will vary.

The protocol is divided into phases. Each phase is **adaptable** based on the individual patients and special circumstances. Progression to the next phase is based on clinical criteria and meeting the established goals for each phase.

	Weight	Brace	ROM	Therapeutic	Recommende
	Bearing			Exercise	d Restrictions
Phase I	TTWB in	Locked in	Limit	Quad sets,	No flexion
0-4 Weeks	locked	extension	flexion	SLR, hip	beyond 100
	knee brace	when	to 100	abduction	
	with	ambulating		strengthening.	Must have
	crutches	x2-4 weeks			good quad
	until quad	(must have		Stationary	control to
	function	good quad		bicycling ¼ to	unlock brace
	returns	control)		½ revolutions	while
	(typically				ambulating
	1-2 weeks)	Remove for			
		exercise			
Phase II	FWB in	Discontinue	Advance	Continue	Avoid open
4-6 Weeks	unlocked	by end of	to 120	Phase I	kinetic chain
	knee brace	phase	of		knee
	(with good		flexion	Stationary	extension
	quad			bike	past 45°
	control)				
				Flexibility and	
				continued	
				strengthening,	
				proprioceptio	
				n, treadmill	
				walking	
				program	
Phase III	FWB	None	Full	Phase 2 plus,	
6-12					
Weeks				Open chain	



The second secon	200				
				kinetic knee exercises 0- 90°, lunges, squats, leg press. Row machine after	
				10 weeks.	
Phase IV 3-6 months	FWB	None	Full	Treadmill jogging program at 12 weeks.  Progressive jog to run  Plyometrics, agility drills, swimming	Progress to running and swimming slowly
				Sport specific drills at 5-6 months	